## In the Claims

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for identifying presence of malicious code in program code within a computer system, the method comprising:

initializing a virtual machine within the computer system, the virtual machine comprising a virtual personal computer (PC) implemented by software simulating functionality of a central processing unit and memory and a virtual operating system simulating functionality of a multi-threaded operating system of the computer system;

virtually executing a target program within the virtual machine <u>PC</u> so that the target program interacts with the computer system only through only with an instance of the virtual operating system the virtual machine;



analyzing behavior of the target program following upon completion of virtual execution to identify an occurrence of malicious code behavior and indicating in based upon an evaluation by the virtual machine of a behavior pattern the occurrence of malicious code behavior representing information about all functions simulated by the target program during virtual execution; and

terminating the virtual machine PC after the analyzing process, thereby removing from the computer system a copy of the target program that was contained within the virtual machine PC.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the <u>virtual PC of the</u> virtual machine simulates functionality of input/output ports, <u>and the virtual operating system simulates functionality of operating system data areas, and an operating system application program interface.</u>
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the virtual operating system is operative to simulate an application program interface call of the operating system by returning a correct value to the call without completing actual performance of the call machine further includes comprises a virtual Visual Basic engine.

- 4. (Originally Filed) The method of claim 2, wherein virtual execution of the target program causes the target program to interact with the simulated operating system application program interface.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the target program is newly introduced to the computer system and <u>initially executed</u> by-not-executed prior to virtually executing the target program on the <u>virtual PC</u>.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein after a first instance of a first program is analyzed by the virtual machine and a first behavior pattern is generated and stored in a database within coupled to the computer system, the method further comprising:

determining that the first program is modified;

analyzing the modified first program by executing the modified first program in the virtual machine PC to provide a second behavior pattern; and

comparing within the virtual machine the first behavior pattern to the second behavior pattern to determine whether the second behavior pattern is altered from the first behavior pattern in a manner indicative of presence of the malicious code in the modified first program.

- 7. (Originally Filed) The method of claim 6, wherein a new behavior pattern is generated each time the first program is modified.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 6, wherein introduction of the malicious malignant code during modification of the first program is detected by comparing the first behavior pattern to the second behavior pattern and identifying altered bits indicating an addition of an infection procedure to the modified first program.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 6, wherein the first behavior pattern is identified as a match substantially similar to the second behavior pattern when the modified first program is a new version of the first program.



10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the behavior pattern identifies functions executed in the virtual execution of the target program, the method further comprising tracking an order in which the functions are virtually executed by the target program within the virtual machine PC to provide a complete record of all functions simulated by the target program, as if the target program were executed on the computer system.

11. (Currently Amended) A method for identifying presence of malicious code in program code within a computer system, the method comprising:

initializing a virtual machine within the computer system, the virtual machine comprising software simulating functionality of a central processing unit, and memory and an <u>virtual</u> operating system <u>simulating functionality of a multi-threaded operating</u> system of the computer system including interrupt calls to the virtual operating system;

virtually executing a target program within the virtual machine so that the target program interacts with <u>an instance of</u> the virtual operating system <u>rather than with the operating system of the computer system</u>, whereby the malicious code is fully executed during virtual execution of the target program if the target program comprises the malicious code and the virtual central processing unit through the virtual machine;

monitoring generating a behavior pattern for of the target program to collect information about all functions simulated by the target program during virtual execution to identify presence of malicious code and indicating in a behavior pattern the occurrence of malicious code behavior; and

terminating the virtual machine upon completion of the virtual execution of the target program, leaving behind a record of the behavior pattern characteristic that is representative of operations of the analyzed target program with the computer system, including operations of the malicious code if the target program comprises the malicious code.

12. (Originally Filed) The method of claim 11, wherein the record is in a behavior register in the computer system.



13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11, wherein after a first instance of a first program is analyzed by the virtual machine and a first behavior pattern is generated and stored in a database within coupled to the computer system, the method further comprising:

determining that the first program is modified;

analyzing the modified first program by executing the modified first program in with the virtual machine to provide a second behavior pattern; and

comparing the first behavior pattern to the second behavior pattern to determine whether the second behavior pattern is altered from the first behavior pattern in a manner indicative of presence of the malicious code in the modified first program.



- 14. (Originally Filed) The method of claim 13, wherein a new behavior pattern is generated each time the first program is modified.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13, wherein introduction of malignant the malicious code during modification of the first program is detected by comparing the first behavior pattern to the second behavior pattern and identifying altered bits indicating an addition of an infection procedure to the modified first program.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13, wherein the first behavior pattern is <u>identified as a match</u> substantially similar to the second behavior pattern when the modified first program is a new version of the first program.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13, wherein the behavior pattern identifies <u>all</u> functions executed <u>in during</u> the virtual execution of the target program, the method further comprising tracking an order in which the functions are virtually executed by the target program within the virtual machine and records an order of simulation of the functions.

18. (New) A memory storage device comprising computer-executable steps for identifying the presence of malicious code in program code in a computer system, comprising:

initializing a virtual machine for the computer system, the virtual machine comprising a virtual personal computer (PC) implemented by software operative to simulate functionality of a central processing unit and memory and a virtual operating system operative to simulate functionality of an operating system for the computer system;

executing a target program within the virtual PC so that the target program completes a virtual execution by interacting only with an instance of the virtual operating system;

generating a behavior pattern by completing virtual execution of the target program within the virtual PC, the behavior pattern representative of operational functions completed by the target program during virtual execution, including at least one of virtual operating system calls, Input/Output functions and program functions supported by the target program;

upon completion of virtual execution, operating the virtual machine to compare the behavior pattern generated by virtual execution of the target program to a behavior pattern representative of operations by the malicious code to identify an occurrence of malicious code behavior; and

in the event that the comparison process results in a match representing an identification of malicious code behavior by the target program, then identifying the target program as comprising the malicious code.

19. (New) The memory storage device of Claim 18 further comprising the computer-executable step of removing the target program from the computer system in response to an identification of the target program comprising malicious code.



20. (New) A memory storage device comprising computer-executable steps for identifying the presence of malicious code in program code in a computer system, comprising:

executing a target program within a virtual personal computer (PC) so that the target program completes a virtual execution by interacting only with an instance of a virtual operating system, the virtual PC comprising software operative to simulate functionality of a processor and memory, the virtual operating system operative to simulate functionality of a multi-threaded operating system for the computer system, the virtual PC and the virtual operating system operating in combination to form a virtual machine;

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collecting information about the behavior of the target program during virtual execution of the target program by the virtual machine to create a record of virtual operations of the target program, whereby the record reflects a plurality of operations of the malicious code if the target program comprises the malicious code;

upon completion of virtual execution of the target program, analyzing the record to identify an occurrence of malicious code behavior by comparing the record to a behavior pattern representative of the operations performed by the malicious code; and

in the event that the record matches the malicious code behavior, then identifying the target program as comprising the malicious code.

21. (New) The memory storage device of Claim 20 further comprising the computer-executable step of removing the target program from the computer system in response to an identification of the target program comprising malicious code.

22. (New) A computer-implemented method for identifying a presence of malicious code in program code for a computer system, comprising the steps:

virtually executing a target program within a virtual machine comprising a virtual personal computer (PC) implemented by software operative to simulate functionality of a processor and memory and a virtual operating system having software simulating functionality of an operating system for the computer system, wherein virtual execution of the target program comprises interactions with an instance of the virtual operating system; and

creating a record of all functions simulated by the target program during virtual execution of the target program by the virtual machine, the record comprising a behavior pattern representative of the behavior of the target program as if it were executed on the computer system, the behavior pattern comprising characteristics of malicious code behavior in the event that the target program comprises the malicious code.

- 23. (New) The computer-implemented method of Claim 22 further comprising the step of operating the virtual machine to analyze the record after completion of the virtual execution by the target program to identify an occurrence of a type of the behavior pattern representative of operations by the malicious code.
- 24. (New) The computer-implemented method of Claim 23 wherein, in the event of an identification of an occurrence of malicious code behavior by the target program, the method further comprises the step of identifying the target program as comprising the malicious code.
- 25. (New) The computer-implemented method of Claim 24 further comprising the step of removing the target program from the computer system in response to an identification of the target program comprising the malicious code.



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